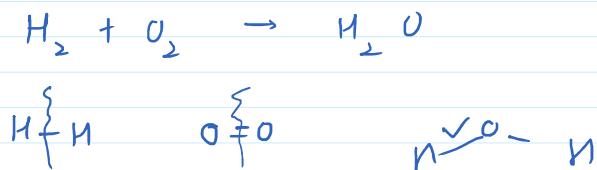


Types of Chemical Reaction

During a chemical reaction, there is breaking and making of bonds between atoms. This making of new bonds and breaking of old bonds give rise to new products.

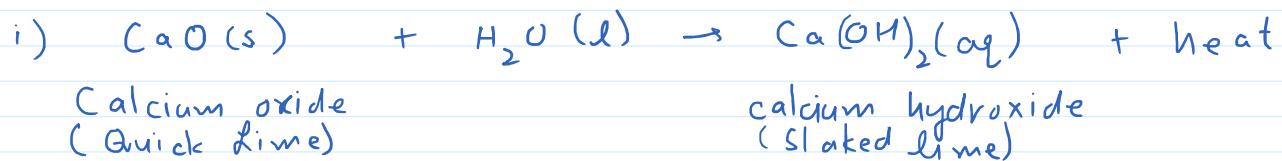
Atoms are not broken/formed in a chemical reaction, only bond between them is broken/formed.



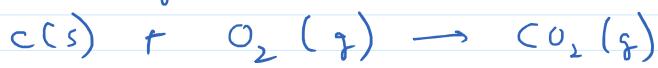
Combination reaction:

When two or more substances (elements or compounds) combine to form a single product, the reactions are called combination reactions.

For example:



ii) Burning of coal



iii) Formation of water from $H_2(g)$ and $O_2(g)$



Exothermic reactions:

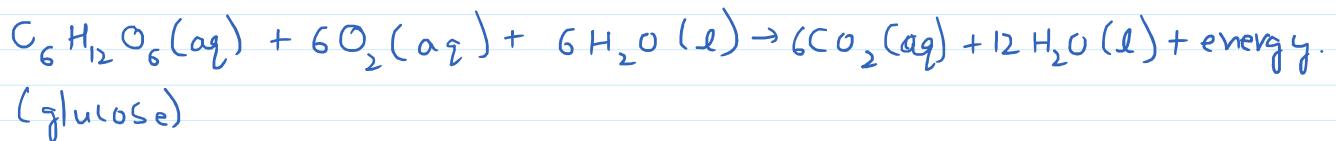
Reactions in which heat is released along with the formation of products are called exothermic chemical reactions.

Example

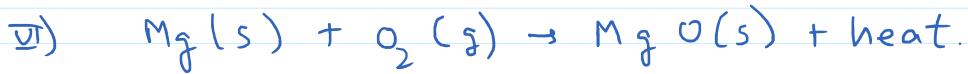
- i) $\text{CaO(s)} + \text{H}_2\text{O(l)} \rightarrow \text{Ca(OH)}_2\text{(aq)} + \text{heat}$
- ii) $\text{C(s)} + \text{O}_2\text{(g)} \rightarrow \text{CO}_2\text{(g)} + \text{heat}$
- iii) Burning of natural gas
 $\text{CH}_4\text{(g)} + 2\text{O}_2\text{(g)} \rightarrow \text{CO}_2\text{(g)} + 2\text{H}_2\text{O(g)}$

IV) Respiration

Rice, potatoes and bread contain carbohydrates. These carbohydrates are broken down to form glucose. This glucose combines with oxygen in the cells of our body and provides energy. This is called respiration.



V) Decomposition of vegetable matter into compost



Note:

Solution of slaked lime ($\text{Ca(OH)}_2\text{(aq)}$) is used for white washing walls. Calcium hydroxide react slowly with carbon dioxide in air to form a thin layer of calcium carbonate on walls. Calcium carbonated is formed after two to three days of white washing and gives a shiny finish to the walls.

