

The Solid State

Matter can exist in three states:

- i) Solid
- ii) Liquid
- iii) Gas

Under a given set of conditions of temperature and pressure which of these would be the most stable state of a given substance depends upon the net effect of two opposing factors:

- i) Intermolecular forces (IF)
- ii) Thermal energy (TE)

$$TE \gg IF \text{ (Gas)}, TE > IF \text{ (Liquid)}, IF \gg TE \text{ (Solid)}$$

Properties of solids:

- i) They have definite mass, volume and shape.
- ii) Intermolecular distances are short.
- iii) Intermolecular forces are strong.
- IV) Their constituent particles (atoms, molecules, ions) have fixed positions and can only oscillate about their mean position.
- V) They are incompressible and rigid.